

2024 Blue Angels Maneuvers Manual

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## 2024 NFDS DEMONSTRATION PILOTS

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
NAVY FLIGHT DEMONSTRATION SQUADRON
90 SAN CARLOS ROAD SUITEA
PENSACOLA FL 32508-5008
From: Commanding Officer, Navy Flight Demonstration Squadron
To: Kevin Raymond, FAA NAES
Subj: 2024 DEMONSTRATION PILOTS

1. The following pilots are authorized to conduct aerial flight demonstrations in Blue Angel
F/A-18 and C-130 aircraft.
CDR Alexander Armatas
LCDR John Keilty
LT James Perkins
LCDR Amanda Lee
LCDR Griffin Stangel
CDR Thomas Zimmerman
LT Connor O'Donnell
Maj Joshua Soltan
Capt Samuel Petko
Capt Isaac Becker
2. In addition to the above pilots, the following aviators are permitted to attend the daily air show briefing and sign the FAA waiver on behalf of the team.
CDR Bryce Aubuchon
LCDR Brian Vaught


## PRACTICE DEMONSTRATION GUEST RIDERS

The mission of the Blue Angels is to showcase the teamwork and professionalism of the United States Navy and Marine Corps through flight demonstrations and community outreach while inspiring a culture of excellence and service to country.

In part to accomplish this mission, the Blue Angels will fly guest riders in practice flight demonstrations as non-aircrew essential personnel, in accordance with Chief of Naval Air Training Instruction (CNATRAINST) 5357.1.

Guest riders in practice flight demonstrations will fall under the CNATRAINST 5357.1 "Military Orientation Flight" category as either Blue Angels squadron personnel or military personnel that are guests of current Blue Angels team members. All Military Orientation Flight riders will be medically screened for flight, receive thorough pre-flight training from a qualified Blue Angels Crew Chief, be briefed on all required risk mitigation procedures and contingency scenarios, and will attend the Blue Angels flight brief. Military Orientation Flight riders are approved by the Blue Angels Commanding Officer or CNATRA, as required.

AEROBATIC BOX DIMENSIONS


## APPROVED INGRESS / EGRESS ROUTES



## MAXIMUM CROWD DIMENSIONS



TFR Dimensions
$\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\Delta}$


MANEUVERS

## C-130 LOW TRANSITION TAKEOFF

Minimum Altitude: $\mathbf{O}^{\prime}$ AGL
Maximum Altitude: 1000-1500' AGL
Entry Airspeed: 0 Knots
Exit Airspeed: 110 KIAS


MANEUVER: On takeoff the aircraft will execute a low-transition. At 150 KIAS, the aircraft will rotate to 45 degrees nose high. The aircraft will level off at 1000-1500' AGL.

## C-130 REMOTE ENTRY

Minimum Altitude: 100' AGL Maximum Altitude: 1000-1800' AGL Entry Airspeed: 240 KIAS
Exit Airspeed: 110 KIAS


MANEUVER: Ingressing from behind the crowd at 500' AGL, a turn will be commenced at CP to establish a 500' AGL downwind position. The aircraft will then commence a descending turn back to the show line. Abeam CP on the 500 ' line at 100 ' AGL, the aircraft will commence a 45 degrees nose-up climb to level off at 1000-1800' AGL.

## PARADE PASS

Minimum Altitude: 200' AGL Maximum Altitude: 1000' AGL Entry Airspeed: 260 KIAS
Exit Airspeed: 260 KIAS


## SPECTATOR AREA



MANEUVER: The aircraft will complete the teardrop turn towards CP using the 40 degree ingress line. Once established on the 40 degree ingress line, a descent from 500' AGL to 200' AGL will be made. Abeam the crowd line, a roll into a 60 AOB turn towards will be performed. The turn will be continued to depart on the 40 degree egress line. Abeam the crowd line on the 40 degree egress line, wings will be leveled and a 10 degree nose-up climb will be initiated to 1000 ' AGL.

## C-130 FLAT PASS

Minimum Altitude: 40' AGL Maximum Altitude: 1000' AGL Entry Airspeed: 210 KIAS Exit Airspeed: 260 KIAS


## SPECTATOR AREA

MANEUVER: The aircraft will make a teardrop turn back toward the show line to position itself on the $500^{\prime}$ line. Abeam CP at $40^{\prime}$ AGL, a climbing turn will be commenced away from the crowd to set up for the head on pass.

## C-130 HEAD ON PASS

Minimum Altitude: 200' AGL
Maximum Altitude: 1150' AGL Entry Airspeed: 210 KIAS Exit Airspeed: $\mathbf{2 6 0}$ KIAS


## SPECTATOR AREA

MANEUVER: The aircraft will rollout in a head-on profile towards CP at 200-500' AGL. The aircraft will enter the aerobatic box at 200' AGL. At $1 / 2 \mathrm{~nm}$ prior to CP, a 15 degree climb will be commenced followed by a turn to level at 1150' AGL on downwind to set up for the assault landing. Cross the crowd No Lower Than 500' AGL.

## C-130 REMOTE HEAD ON PASS

Minimum Altitude: 200' AGL
Maximum Altitude: 1150’ AGL Entry Airspeed: 210 KIAS Exit Airspeed: $\mathbf{2 6 0}$ KIAS


## SPECTATOR AREA

MANEUVER: The aircraft will commence a turn to remain within 3 nm of CP and roll out in a head-on profile towards CP at 200' AGL . The aircraft will enter the aerobatic box at 200' AGL. At $1 / 2 \mathrm{~nm}$ from CP, a 15 degree climb will be commenced to exit behind the crowd. Cross the crowd No Lower Than 500' AGL.

## C-130 ASSAULT LANDING

Minimum Altitude: 0' AGL
Maximum Altitude: 1200' AGL Entry Airspeed: 135 KIAS
Exit Airspeed: 0 KIAS


MANEUVER: Behind the crowd, the landing gear/flaps will be lowered and a turn back towards the show line will be commenced, rolling out on runway centerline at 1000-1200' AGL. As the intended point of landing is approached, a 20-25 degree nose-down approach will be commenced. After landing, the aircraft will back up, face the crowd line, and exit the runway.

## DIAMOND BURNER GO / BURNER LOOP ON TAKEOFF

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Minimum Altitude: $\mathbf{0}^{\prime}$
Maximum Altitude: 9400
Entry Airspeed: 0 Knots
Exit Airspeed: 380 Knots


Note: Once requisite proficiency is gained in both the Diamond Burner Loop and Diamond Half Cuban Eight, these two maneuvers may be linked together for one continuous takeoff maneuver, with the Diamond Half Cuban Eight being first. The F/A-18 portion of all remote shows will begin with the Delta Head-On maneuver.

Note: For show sites using the $500^{\prime}$ line as the centerline of the primary runway, the diamond will execute a standard non-aerobatic takeoff to establish the diamond formation prior to executing the above takeoff maneuver.

MANEUVER: The Diamond Burner Go is a formation takeoff in fingertip. Immediately after takeoff, the four aircraft will transition to the diamond while accelerating in a low transition on show line. The Loop commences from the low transition, and the show line clear is a turn behind the crowd.

NOTE: Aircraft are non-aerobatic below 4,000' when outside of designated aerobatic box.

## DIAMOND HALF CUBAN EIGHT BREAK OUT



## SPECTATOR AREA

Note: For show sites using the $500^{\prime}$ line as the centerline of the primary runway, it should be approved for the diamond to execute a standard non-aerobatic takeoff to establish the diamond formation prior to executing the above takeoff maneuver.

DIAMOND $1 / 2$ CUBAN 8 BREAK OUT: If the clouds are biased to crowd left to the point that a $1 / 2$ Cuban 8 can be accomplished but the backside loop cannot, then a $1 / 2$ Cuban 8 Break Out can be done. As the formation passes through the horizon at approximately 500' AGL, they will split in three separate directions. 1 and 4 will exit out the show line while 2 and 3 egress 90 degrees in front of and behind the crowd respectively. The rendezvous will be conducted crowd left..

## DIRTY ROLL ON TAKEOFF

BLUE ANGEL 5


Minimum Altitude: $0^{\prime}$
Maximum Altitude: 700'
Entry Airspeed: 0 Knots


NOTE: When weather conditions are of concern, the lead solo will perform this maneuver prior to the diamond takeoff and complete an area weather observation.

MANEUVER: A left or right 360 degree roll away from the crowd with the landing gear extended. If this maneuver cannot be performed in the aerobatic box between 1200'-1500', it must be executed in the aerobatic box beyond the crowd line. It can be flown from either direction based on CP and prevailing wind. The show line clear is a climbing turn behind or in front of the crowd.

## LOW TRANSITION / IMMELMANN ON TAKEOFF BLUE ANGEL 6



NOTE: Weather may preclude the Immelmann, and \#6 will execute the roll to inverted. See Flat Show Takeoff.

MANEUVER: \#6 will execute a low transition and at 330 KCAS will execute a vertical pull to complete an ImmeImann maneuver. They will then track down show line from left to right and complete a $\mathbf{2 7 0}$ degree roll to clear behind the crowd at an altitude of $\mathbf{> 2 , 0 0 0}$.

## DELTA HEAD ON / OPPOSING 360

Minimum Altitude: 500'/200'
Maximum Altitude: 5500'
Entry Airspeed: 360 Knots
Exit Airspeed: $\mathbf{3 6 0}$ Knots


NOTE: This maneuver is done at remote / over water show sites and in Low / Flat Shows where Diamond Burner Loop on takeoff and Low Transition / Split S on takeoff are not conducted.

MANEUVER: The Delta will roll out in a head on set up and commence a climb. The solos are detached from the formation 1500 ' prior to CP. All aircraft are non-aerobatic and above 500' when crossing the spectator area. The Diamond continues the climb and exits the show line in a right turn. The solos then turn away from each other to cross back at CP.

## DIAMOND 360



Minimum Altitude: 200'
Maximum Altitude: $\mathbf{8 0 0}^{\prime}$ Entry Airspeed: 310 Knots Exit Airspeed: 290 Knots

SI-Z


1000FT
MANEUVER: In Diamond formation the Diamond executes a non-aerobatic right to left circular pass at less than 60 degree AOB crossing over CP at a minimum ALT of 200'.

## OPPOSING KNIFE EDGE



Minimum Altitude: 100'
Maximum Altitude: 1500'
Entry Airspeed: 400 Knots
Exit Airspeed: $\mathbf{4 0 0}$ Knots


MANEUVER: At CP each pilot will roll his aircraft into a 90 degree angle of bank prior to the cross. After the cross, both aircraft will roll upright and clear in front of the crowd.

## DIAMOND ROLL



Minimum Altitude：200
Maximum Altitude：2600＇
Entry Airspeed： 365 Knots Exit Airspeed： 365 Knots

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MANEUVER：Approaching CP in Diamond，all four aircraft roll 360 degrees in formation，starting the roll at 1500＇and topping at approximately 2600＇．Minimum altitude on the ingress and egress roll line is 200 ＇．

## INVERTED TO INVERTED ROLL



Minimum Altitude: 100'
Maximum Altitude: 1500'
Entry Airspeed: 400 Knots
Exit Airspeed: 400 Knots


## SPECTATOR AREA

MANEUVER: Each pilot will roll his aircraft inverted at the edge of the aerobatic box. Crossing CP, each pilot will execute a 360 degree roll back to inverted and continue away from center point with a very slight climb. Once . 5 NM from center point is reached, both aircraft will clear behind the crowd.

## DIAMOND AILERON ROLL



Minimum Altitude: 200'
Maximum Altitude: 400'
Entry Airspeed: 400 Knots
 Exit Airspeed: 400 Knots


## CP

## SPECTATOR AREA

MANEUVER: All four aircraft perform simultaneous $\mathbf{3 6 0}$ degree rolls within the aerobatic box.

## FORTUS

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Minimum Altitude: 200’
Maximum Altitude: 1000' Entry Airspeed: 275 Knots Exit Airspeed: $\mathbf{2 7 5}$ Knots


NOTE: In a single solo situation, \#5 or \#6 will perform an inverted dirty flat pass, rolling in at 1 NM and rolling upright at $3 / 4 \mathrm{~nm}$.

MANEUVER: Both aircraft will approach from crowd right in the dirty configuration. \#5 will roll inverted at the edge of the aerobatic box at a minimum of 200'. \#6 will move to an abeam position upright, creating a mirror image effect. At CP both aircraft will climb. At $3 / 4 \mathrm{~nm}$, \#5 will roll upright and both aircraft will clear crowd left behind the crowd.

## DIAMOND DIRTY LOOP



MANEUVER: In the Diamond formation all four aircraft will complete a loop over CP on the show line with the landing gear and hooks extended.

## SOLO MINIMUM RADIUS TURN

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Minimum Altitude：150’
Maximum Altitude：1000＇
Entry Airspeed： $\mathbf{3 5 0}$ Knots
Exit Airspeed： 200 Knots


CP

## SPECTATOR AREA

MANEUVER：This maneuver is a non－aerobatic level horizontal 390 degree turn at 150＇AGL，away from the crowd．At the completion of the 360 degree turn，\＃5 will exit the flight line vertically outboard of the show line and level off above 1000＇AGL．\＃6 will rendezvous from behind the crowd＇．

## SOLO MINIMUM RADIUS TURN



MANEUVER: This maneuver is a non-aerobatic level horizontal 360 degree turn at 200' AGL, away from the crowd. At the completion of the 360 degree turn, \#6 will rendezvous over the top of \#5 at 500' AGL.

## DOUBLE FARVEL

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Minimum Altitude：200’
Maximum Altitude：400＇
Entry Airspeed： 385 Knots
Exit Airspeed： 385 Knots


MANEUVER：\＃1 \＆\＃4 roll inverted simultaneously at the edge of the aerobatic box while \＃2 \＆\＃3 remain upright．Maintaining a diamond formation they commence a flat pass at 200＇．No later than 1 NM past CP \＃1 \＆\＃4 sequentially roll upright in a climb．

## OPPOSING MINIMUM RADIUS TURN



NOTE: Low show clear is 20 degrees nose up and $21 / 2$ rolls. Flat show clear is 10 degrees nose up and $11 / 2$ rolls.

MANEUVER: From behind the crowd, \#5 \& \#6 will approach in an abeam formation at 400 KCAS and 500' AGL crossing over the spectator area. They will extend to approximately 1500 ' past the show line with \#5 moving 50'-75' aft of \#6. Each aircraft will roll 270 degrees away from each other and commence a cross. They will cross again over CP at a minimum of 200' AGL. Both A/C will roll out in front of the show line, pull 40 degrees nose up and execute $31 / 2$ rolls.

## ECHELON PARADE



Minimum Altitude: 200
Maximum Altitude: $\mathbf{8 0 0}$ Entry Airspeed: 310 Knots Exit Airspeed: 290 Knots


MANEUVER: In right Echelon the Diamond executes a right to left non-aerobatic circular pass at approximately 60 degree AOB crossing over CP at a minimum altitude of 200'.

## OPPOSING HORIZONTAL ROLLS



CP


MANEUVER: Approaching CP, each pilot will commence a 3-4 degree climb and then roll his aircraft 720 degrees. After rolling wings level, both pilots will pull $90^{\circ}$ nose up, then roll $90^{\circ}$ and pull to level flight. Once upright the pilots clear heading behind the crowd.

LEFT ECHELON ROLL


MANEUVER: Ingressing from crowd left in front of the crowd, the Diamond transitions to left echelon. Approaching CP they commence a climb and then roll the formation 360 degrees to the left and egress to the right as they transition back to Diamond.

## CHANGEOVER ROLL



TRANSITION TO LEFT ECHELON


## SPECTATOR AREA

MANEUVER: Ingressing from crowd left in front of the crowd, the Diamond transitions to left echelon. Approaching CP they commence a climb and then roll the formation 360 degrees to the left, shifting to Diamond 90 degrees through the roll and egress behind the crowd, crowd right.

## SNEAK PASS, BLUE ANGEL 5

BADE ANGEIS


Minimum Altitude: 50'
Maximum Altitude: 500'
Entry Airspeed: 600 Knots
Exit Airspeed: 600 Knots

50FT


CP

## SPECTATOR AREA

MANEUVER: A flat pass on the 500' show line at 50 ' $\mathbf{A G L}$. Once past the spectator area, a clear to crowd right behind the crowd is executed.

## SNEAK TO VERTICAL ROLLS, BLUE ANGELS 6

 Maximum Altitude: 15000' Entry Airspeed: 600 Knots Exit Airspeed: 200 Knots


LINE ABREAST LOOP


MANEUVER: At approximately 3-1/2NM, aircraft \#1,2,3,4 and 5 transition to a Line Abreast formation. Approaching CP, they complete a loop. Egressing crowd left, aircraft \#1-4 shift back to Diamond and detach \#5.

## OPPOSING FOUR POINT ROLL

BADE ANGEIS


Minimum Altitude: 200'
Maximum Altitude: 1500'
Entry Airspeed: 400 Knots
Exit Airspeed: $\mathbf{3 0 0}$ Knots


MANEUVER: Approaching CP at 200' AGL, each aircraft executes a left four point roll crossing over CP in the inverted position. High show clears will be executed in front of the crowd. Low and flat show clears will be executed behind the crowd.

## DIAMOND VERTICAL BREAK



## SPECTATOR AREA

MANEUVER: Approaching from directly behind the crowd in a trail formation, the four diamond aircraft will commence a climb approaching CP. At 30 degrees nose up they will transition back to the diamond formation. Reaching 60 degrees nose up, they will split in four separate directions. At this point the maneuver is complete and they will rendezvous crowd left in front of the crowd.

## VERTICAL PITCH



Minimum Altitude: 50'/100' Maximum Altitude: 9000' Entry Airspeed: 420 Knots Exit Airspeed: 480 Knots

## BARREL ROLL BREAK

Minimum Altitude: 300'
Maximum Altitude: 8800'
Entry Airspeed: 400 Knots

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MANEUVER: Ingressing from in front of the crowd 2000' crowd right, the diamond formation will commence a vertical climb. Approaching 1.7 NM from CP, they will roll the formation 90 degrees to the left and complete the back side of the looping maneuver. As the formation passes through the horizon at approximately $500^{\prime}$ AGL, they will split in three separate directions. 1 and 4 will exit out the show line while 2 and 3 egress 90 degrees in front of and behind the crowd respectively. The rendezvous will be conducted behind the crowd.

## TUCK-OVER ROLL




MANEUVER (UPRIGHT TOR): At CP, both aircraft will perform simultaneous left 450 degree rolls, then proceed to join the Diamond for Delta maneuvers.

MANEUVER (INVERTED TOR): At the edge of the aerobatic box, both aircraft will perform a left roll to inverted. At CP, both aircraft will perform simultaneous left 420 degree rolls, then proceed to join the Diamond for Delta maneuvers.

## DIAMOND LOW BREAK CROSS



MANEUVER: Approaching from directly behind the crowd in

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INBOUND ALTITUDES:
# 1, #4 AT 150' AGL
# 2 AT 300' AGL
# 3 AT 450' AGL
``` diamond formation at 500' AGL, all four aircraft will separate in 4 different directions. All four aircraft will fly the outbound leg at 700' AGL, then execute a reversal turn to the show line and simultaneously cross over CP. The rendezvous is executed behind the crowd.

\section*{SECTION HIGH ALPHA PASS}


MANEUVER: Both aircraft slow to approximately 120 KCAS abeam each other. At approximately the center point position, both aircraft will clear simultaneously. \#6 will clear with a slow pitch up to 60 deg then a left roll to inverted, followed by a right 90 deg roll then clear behind the crowd above 1000'AGL. \#5 will clear straight ahead and level. This maneuver can be flown from either direction, depending on prevailing wind.

BURNER 270


MANEUVER: Ingressing from crowd left in front of the crowd, the formation approaches in Diamond. Approaching CP at minimum altitude of 200' AGL they commence a slightly climbing left turn, selecting afterburner as they execute a \(270^{\circ}\) turn in front of the crowd and egress to crowd left behind the crowd.

\section*{DELTA ROLL}

Minimum Altitude: 200'


\section*{FLEUR DE LIS}

Minimum Altitude: 200' Maximum Altitude: 10000'


CP

\section*{SPECTATOR AREA}

MANEUVER: Approaching the show line in a Double "V" formation, the six aircraft will commence a climb. At approximately 2000' prior to CP, all six aircraft will split simultaneously. The two solos will execute 1-1/2 rolls and exit crowd right initially, then turn behind the crowd. The four Diamond aircraft will rendezvous during their looping maneuver over CP and egress in Diamond crowd right to crowd right in front of the crowd.

LOOP BREAK


MANEUVER: From crowd right on the show line, all six aircraft will commence a loop in formation approaching CP. At the vertical down above CP, the six aircraft will slowly separate and exit in six different directions leveling at 1000' AGL, heading outbound on ingress / egress lines. At 3NM each pilot will perform a \(1 / 2\) Cuban Eight Reversal turn towards CP, descend to his respective altitude and cross CP.

\section*{6 PLANE CROSS}


NOTE: All outbound aircraft are at 1000' AGL to 3NM. Inbound altitudes are routinely flown higher during the first half of the season.

MIN INBOUND ALTITUDES:
\#1, \#4: 150' AGL
\#2, \#5: 300' AGL
\#3, \#6: 450’ AGL

\section*{DELTA BREAK OUT／HEAD－ON}


MANEUVER：The Delta will roll out in a head on set up and commence a climb．One nautical mile in front of the crowd，Boss in the \＃1 jet will call＂Ready，Break！＂and the Delta will split．The Lead（\＃1）will pull up into a steady 2 G climb straight ahead．The solos（\＃5 \＆ \＃6）will pull outboard in a steady，2G， 60 degree Angle－of－Bank，and offset by 90 degrees．The wingmen（\＃2 \＆\＃3）will pull outboard in a steady 2G， 45 degree Angle－of－Bank，and offset by 45 degrees．The lead and slot（\＃1 \＆\＃4）will continue straight ahead and exit behind the crowd．The solos and wingmen will rendezvous with the lead and slot behind the crowd．If weather precludes the break out，the maneuver becomes a Head－On Pass．Boss will keep the Delta Formation and climb to a minimum of 500＇AGL prior to crossing show line．

\section*{LOW TRANSITION / ROLL TO INVERTED BLUE ANGEL 6}


Minimum Altitude: 0' Maximum Altitude: 1000' Entry Airspeed: 0 Knots

\(\underset{\underset{\sim}{\boldsymbol{\omega}}}{ }\)

CP

\section*{SPECTATOR AREA}

MANEUVER: \#6 will execute a low transition and at 300 KTS he will pull to 5-7 degrees nose up. At 100-200' AGL, he will roll the aircraft 180 degrees to the inverted position. At 350KTS he will roll the aircraft 270 degrees and clear in front of or behind the crowd.

\section*{DIAMOND FLAT PASS}


Minimum Altitude: 200'
Maximum Altitude: 200'
Entry Airspeed: 335 Knots
Exit Airspeed: 335 Knots

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MANEUVER: The Diamond will perform a flat pass at 200' AGL on the 500' show line from crowd right to crowd left.

LEFT ECHELON FLAT PASS


MANEUVER: Ingressing from in front of the crowd crowd left, the Diamond transitions to a left echelon formation on the turn in and conducts a flat pass at 300' \(-500^{\prime}\) AGL on the crowd left in front of the crowd line. The formation transitions back to diamond approximately 1 nautical mile in front of the crowd, crossing center point at or above 500' AGL and egresses climbing on the crowd right behind the crowd line in diamond formation.

\section*{DIAMOND DIRTY ROLL}


MANEUVER: Approaching CP in Diamond with Landing Gear extended, all four aircraft roll 360 degrees in formation, starting the roll at 1200' to apex at approximately 2000'. Minimum altitude on the ingress and egress roll line is \(200^{\prime}\).

\section*{DIRTY CLEAN FLAT PASS}


Minimum Altitude: 200'
Maximum Altitude: 200'
Entry Airspeed: 240/500 Knots
Exit Airspeed: 240/500 Knots


MANEUVER: In the Diamond formation all four aircraft will execute a flat pass down show line with the landing gear and hooks extended. Meanwhile, \#6 will overtake the diamond while the diamond is approaching center point. \#6 will then climb to 1000' AGL and execute a right hand turn to clear behind the crowd.

\section*{SNEAK TO LEFT TURN OUT, BLUE ANGEL 6}


Minimum Altitude: 500' Maximum Altitude: 1500' Entry Airspeed: 600 Knots Exit Airspeed: 400 Knots


CP

\section*{SPECTATOR AREA}

MANEUVER: A flat from behind the crowd to in front of the crowd 500' AGL. Once past the spectator area, a clear to crowd left in front of the crowd is executed.

\section*{LINE ABREAST FLAT PASS}


MANEUVER: At approximately 3 NM, aircraft \#1,2,3,4 and 5 transition to a Line Abreast formation leveling off at 200' AGL on the 500' Show Line. Egressing crowd left, aircraft \#1-4 shift back to Diamond and detach \#5.

MANEUVERING DELTA


MANEUVER: In Delta formation, all six aircraft will approach from crowd left in front of the crowd. Approaching CP, the formation will commence a left turn to exit the flight line heading crowd right in front of the crowd to set up the Delta Flat Pass. This maneuver can be flown in mirror image from crowd right.

\section*{DELTA FLAT PASS}


\section*{SPECTATOR AREA}

MANEUVER: Ingressing straight and level at 200' AGL from crowd right or crowd left, all six aircraft will perform a flat pass on the 500' show line and exit in front of the crowd to set up for the Delta Break Out / Head On.

\section*{DELTA PITCH UP BREAK}

Minimum Altitude: 200
Maximum Altitude: 800'

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\section*{SPECTATOR AREA}

MANEUVER: Ingressing at 200' on the 500' line from crowd left or right. Each aircraft pitches out of the formation with approximately 2 second spacing, and turns away from the crowd to downwind, and configures for landing at 15-18' intervals.


\section*{5 Plane Contingency}


Should any wingman fall out, \#4 will fill that position to balance the formation. If a solo falls out, the other solo pilot will fly single solo using the same maneuvers with the exception of the following. If \#5 is single solo, a MRT followed by sneak to Vertical rolls will be flown. If \#5 or \#6 are single solo, a parade pass will be flown in lieu of the TOR. For timing reasons a parade pass may be flown single solo in either direction to facilitate deconfliction from the diamond. If the Boss falls out, all aircraft will orbit overhead until he can resume.

\section*{Coordinated Photo Platform}

\section*{\(\stackrel{\omega}{\stackrel{\omega}{N}}\)}


Should the opportunity present itself, where a qualified crew is present at a show site, there is the possibility of a 7th jet flying in coordination with the Diamond, Solos, or Delta formations. While not part of the overall formation, they will be well versed with the procedures and profiles in order to capture footage of a practice demonstration under the confines of the waiver and TFR. The photo platform will maintain deconfliction between the elements and will be specifically briefed prior to the flight.```

